

## SHD Paraphrased Regulations - CalWORKs

### 090 Real-Property

#### 090-1

Prior to January 1, 1998 and effective July 1, 1998, state regulations provided that real property, generally, is land and improvements. Real property includes, as a general rule, immovable property attached to the land such as trees, fences, buildings, etc. (§42-203.1, purportedly invalidated by W&IC §11155, and implemented by All-County Letter (ACL) No. 97-66, October 29, 1997, and reinstated by ACL No. 98-47, July 2, 1998, effective July 1, 1998)

#### 091-2A

Effective January 1, 1998, state law provided that notwithstanding W&IC §11257, an applicant or recipient for aid under W&IC §11000 to W&IC §12000 could retain, in addition to specified other resources, "countable resources equal to the amount permitted by federal law for qualification for Food Stamps. The county shall determine the value of personal property and automobiles in conformance with methods established under the Food Stamp Program." (W&IC §11155)

Between January 1 and June 30, 1998, the CDSS determined that real and personal property were to be evaluated under FS standards. (All-County Letter (ACL) No. 97-66, October 29, 1997, given regulatory effect under §185 of Assembly Bill No. 1542)

Effective July 1, 1998, the CDSS determined that personal property was to be defined in accord with FS regulations (§42-203.2), and "personal property and vehicles" were determined, included, and excluded using FS regulations at §§63-501.1 and .2. (§§42-211.2, 42-213.2)

Real property regulations, contained in §42-200 et seq., which had supposedly been invalidated under ACL No. 97-66 were restored July 1, 1998. (ACL No. 98-47, July 2, 1998)

#### 091-3

The maximum resource limit for an FS household shall be \$2,000. If the household includes one member aged 60 or older, the resource limit is \$3,000. Effective October 1, 2002, the household with a disabled member also has a resource limit of \$3,000. Households (which are not categorically eligible households) with resources in excess of these amounts are ineligible to participate in the FS Program. (§63-409.12; Handbook §63-1101.1, made applicable to the CalWORKs program by, e.g., Handbook §42-207.2, as modified effective August 5, 1999; All-County Information Notice No. I-56-02, July 25, 2002, implementing the FS Reauthorization Act of 2002)

Excess resources shall not be counted if they are reduced to the resource limit in the month received. (§§63-504.351(b) and 63-504.372(a))

#### 091-3B

An applicant or recipient AU may retain countable resources up to the amount allowed in Food Stamp (FS) regulations, at MPP §63-1101. The "family" or "child" is ineligible if the value of its countable real and personal property exceeds the FS resource limit. (§42-207.1, as revised effective August 5, 1999)

#### 091-3C

FS regulations at §63-1101.1 allow "retention of \$3000 for an AU which includes at least

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one member aged 60 or older, and \$2000 for all other AUs." (Handbook §42-207.2)

Effective October 1, 2002, the \$3000 limit also applied to households with a disabled member. (All-County Information Notice No. I-56-02, July 25, 2002, implementing the FS Restoration Act of 2002)

#### 092-1

Prior to January 1, 1998, state regulations provided that real and personal property must be actually available in order to be considered for AFDC purposes. "Property shall also be considered when the applicant or recipient has a legal interest in a liquidated sum and has the legal ability to make that sum available for support and maintenance." (§42-201.1, invalidated per CDSS, purportedly by W&IC §11155, and implemented by All-County Letter No. 97-66, October 29, 1997. The CalWORKs real property regulations were restored effective July 1, 1998.)

#### 092-3

Prior to January 1, 1998, and as of July 1, 1998 state regulations provided that nonexcluded real property that the AU is making a good faith effort to sell may be exempt from consideration as property to be included in the property reserve for a period of no more than nine consecutive months. As a condition of receiving aid, the applicant shall grant the county a lien against the property and agree in writing to begin immediately to make a good faith effort to sell the property. (§42-213.12)

A good faith effort to sell the property occurs when the property is listed for sale with a licensed real estate broker at the property's approximate fair market value and there is a willingness to negotiate the terms of the sale with potential buyers; or when an individual makes an effort to sell the property, including advertising weekly, placing a sign on the property indicating that the property is for sale, offering the property for sale at its approximate fair market value, and is willing to negotiate the terms of the sale. (§42-213.123, invalidated per CDSS supposedly by W&IC §11155, and implemented by All-County Letter No. 97-66, October 29, 1997. This CalWORKs regulation was restored effective July 1, 1998.)

#### 092-4

Prior to January 1, 1998, and as of July 1, 1998 state regulations provided that there is a presumption that those who share title have equal rights to possession, control and use of the property. This presumption may be refuted by evidence to the contrary. The source and amount of funds invested in the property or the facts around the inheritance, if it was acquired in this way, must be determined in order to arrive at the share which the applicant or recipient and/or his spouse actually owns. (§42-205.2, invalidated per CDSS, supposedly by W&IC §11155, and implemented per CDSS by All-County Letter No. 97-66, October 29, 1997. This CalWORKs regulation was reinstated effective July 1, 1998)

#### 093-3

Prior to January 1, 1998, state regulations provided that the owner of property is the person who has the legal title to, the right to or has possession of the property. Unless there is evidence to prove otherwise, it is presumed for purposes of determining eligibility that the person who "owns" the property has the right to possess, use, control, and dispose of the property. (§42-203.3, invalidated by CDSS, supposedly per W&IC

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§11155, and implemented by All-County Letter No. 97-66, October 29, 1997) Effective July 1, 1998 the CDSS reinterpreted W&IC §11155, and reinstated this section. (§42-203.3, effective July 1, 1998)

#### 093-4

An estate in real property (other than an estate at will, or for a term not exceeding one year) can be transferred only by operation of law, or by an instrument in writing, signed by the grantor or the grantor's duly authorized agent. (Civil Code §§1091 and 1624(a)(3) and (4))

#### 093-6

A transfer of property may be made without writing, unless there is a statute which requires a writing. (Civil Code (Civ. C.) §1052)

A transfer in writing is called a grant, or conveyance or bill of sale. (Civ. C. §1053) A grant takes effect only when it is delivered to the grantee. (Civ. C. §1054) A grant duly executed is presumed to have been delivered as of the date on the grant. (Civ. C. §1055)

#### 094-1

Prior to January 1, 1998, state regulations provided that the "net market value" of property is the highest price that property, less encumbrances thereon, will bring in a sale by a willing seller to a willing buyer in the ordinary course of business. (§42-203.7, invalidated by CDSS, supposedly per W&IC §11155, and implemented by All-County Letter No. 97-66, October 29, 1997) This regulation was re-enacted, but applies only to real property in CalWORKs. (§42-203.7, effective July 1, 1998)

#### 094-2

Prior to January 1, 1998 and effective July 1, 1998, state regulations provided that an AFDC applicant's or recipient's equity interest in real property is determined by subtracting allowable encumbrances from the market value of the property as determined by the most recent appraisal from the county assessor, recorder or tax collector. (§§42-215.1 and .2, invalidated by CDSS, supposedly per W&IC §11155, implemented by All-County Letter (ACL) No. 97-66, October 29, 1997, and reinstated effective July 1, 1998. This regulation was revised August 5, 1999 to change "AFDC" to "CalWORKs" and "equity interest" to "net market value".)

Encumbrances include property liens filed by the counties to repay AFDC grants received when the recipient is making a good faith effort to sell countable real property. (*Sidwell v. McMahon*; All-County Letter No. 90-27, March 16, 1990)

#### 094-3

The value of all nonexempt resources, with the exception of vehicles specified in §§63-501.52 and .53 shall be their equity value. The equity value is the fair market value less encumbrances. (§63-501.12 as revised effective June 1, 2001)

#### 095-1

Prior to January 1, 1998, state regulations provided that a home is excluded from property consideration if it is occupied by the CalWORKs AU. (§42-213.3, invalidated by CDSS, supposedly per W&IC §11155, and implemented by All-County Letter No. 97-66,

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October 29, 1997) This regulation was reinstated effective July 1, 1998. (§42-213.3, effective July 1, 1998)

#### 095-2

Prior to January 1, 1998, state regulations provided that the separate and community share of both real and personal property of the stepfather is excluded from AFDC property evaluation. (§§42-213.11e. and 42-213.2p., invalidated by CDSS, supposedly per W&IC §11155, and implemented by All-County Letter No. 97-66, October 29, 1997) The regulation dealing with the real property of the stepfather was reinstated. (§42-213.11e., effective July 1, 1998)

#### 095-3

Prior to January 1, 1998 and effective July 1, 1998, state regulations provided that the separate and community share of real property of the father of a child is excluded when the father is not married to the mother, has not legitimized the child under Civil Code §230, and is not maintaining a home with the mother. (§42-213.11d., invalidated by CDSS, supposedly per W&IC §11155, and implemented by All-County Letter No. 97-66, October 29, 1997) This CalWORKs regulation was reinstated effective July 1, 1998. (§42-213.11(d))

#### 095-5

During the period from January 1 through June 30, 1998, the CDSS was given authority to implement the provisions of Assembly Bill No. 1542 through All-County Letter (ACL). The CDSS evaluated CalWORKs real property under Food Stamp (FS) regulations. (ACL No. 97-66, October 29, 1997)

Despite the language contained in W&IC §11155 the following regulation governed real property in CalWORKs from January 1 through June 30, 1998:

The home and surrounding property is excluded as a resource. The home and surrounding property shall remain exempt when temporarily unoccupied for reasons of employment, training for future employment, illness, or uninhabitability caused by casualty or natural disaster, if the household intends to return. Households that currently do not own a home, but own a lot on which they intend to build, shall receive an exclusion for the value of the lot and, if it is partially completed, for the home. (§63-501.3(a))

#### 095-6

During the period from January 1 through June 30, 1998, the CDSS was given authority to implement the provisions of Assembly Bill No. 1542 through All-County Letter (ACL). The CDSS evaluated CalWORKs real property under Food Stamp (FS) regulations. (ACL No. 97-66, October 29, 1997)

The following regulation governed CalWORKs and FS real property from January 1 through June 30, 1998:

Property which produces annual income consistent with its fair market value is exempt, even if used only on a seasonal basis. Such property shall include rental and vacation homes. (§63-501.3(d))

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095-8

During the period from January 1 through June 30, 1998, the CDSS was given authority to implement the provisions of Assembly Bill No. 1542 through All-County Letter (ACL). The CDSS evaluated CalWORKs real property under Food Stamp (FS) regulations. (ACL No. 97-66, October 29, 1997)

The following regulation governed CalWORKs and FS real property from January 1 through June 30, 1998:

Resources whose cash value is not accessible to the household are exempt. Such resources include: Security deposits on rental property or utilities; property in probate; and real property which the household is making a good faith effort to sell at a reasonable price but which has not been sold. (§§63-501.3(i)(2) - (4), as renumbered effective June 1, 2001)

095-11

During the period from January 1 through June 30, 1998, the CDSS was given authority to implement the provisions of Assembly Bill No. 1542 through All-County Letter (ACL). The CDSS evaluated CalWORKs real property under Food Stamp (FS) regulations. (ACL No. 97-66, October 29, 1997)

The following regulation governed CalWORKs and FS real property from January 1 through June 30, 1998:

At the time of application, any resources of a woman or women with children who are temporarily residing in a shelter for battered women shall be considered inaccessible if the resources are jointly owned by the resident and member of the former household from which the resident fled and the resident's access to such resources requires the consent of the resident and the member of the former household. (§63-501.3(n) as renumbered effective June 1, 2001)

095-12

During the period from January 1 through June 30, 1998, the CDSS was given authority to implement the provisions of Assembly Bill No. 1542 through All-County Letter (ACL). The CDSS evaluated CalWORKs real property under Food Stamp (FS) regulations. (ACL No. 97-66, October 29, 1997)

The following regulation governed CalWORKs and FS real property from January 1 through June 30, 1998:

The income and resources of nonhousehold members that have not been disqualified, such as Supplemental Security Income recipients, shall not be considered as income or resources to the household. (§63-503.45)

096-2

Conversion of property in CalWORKs occurs when a recipient changes an existing resource from one form to another. (§42-203.10, effective July 1, 1998)

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096-3 ADDED 2/04 CalWORKs rules regarding transfer of assets for less than fair market value found at MPP §42-221 remain unchanged. Under QR/PB, the period of ineligibility is established at the beginning of the upcoming QR Payment Quarter and continues for the determined number of months. (All-County Letter No. 03-18, April 29, 2003, p.19)